



## PARMITER'S SCHOOL

### TEACHING AND LEARNING POLICY

Parmiter's school is a happy and successful school with a deserved reputation for academic excellence. Teaching and Learning is the core purpose of Parmiter's School and this is made explicit in the School Development Plan. We aim to provide a well-disciplined and supportive environment as we believe that all students, whatever their ability, should receive high quality teaching so that they are able to achieve their potential.

This suite of policy documents exists to outline the school's commitment to continually raising the quality of teaching and learning. It comprises of:

1. Teaching and Learning – General Principles & Responsibilities
2. Assessment, Recording and Reporting
3. Homework

#### 1. TEACHING AND LEARNING – GENERAL PRINCIPLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

##### Role of students in Teaching & Learning

Students are expected to take an active role in, and responsibility for, their own learning by:

- Being responsible and organised, arriving on time to lessons with the correct equipment.
- Listening attentively and respectfully to everyone in the classroom.
- Using digital technologies responsibly.
- Making mistakes and embracing them as part of the learning process.
- Seeking positive working relationships with teaching staff.
- Being able to answer the following questions about their learning in each of their subjects:
  - What are you learning?
  - Why are you studying this?
  - Does your learning change, challenge, or build on previous learning? If so, how?
  - How will you be assessed?
  - How do you receive feedback from your teacher?
  - How do you act on the feedback you receive?

Students are also encouraged to be actively involved in the development of teaching & learning through involvement in the student congress Teaching & Learning committee.

## **Role of staff in Teaching & Learning**

**All teaching and support staff (where their role is to support learning) are expected to:**

- Maintain and continue to develop their subject content and pedagogical knowledge through a commitment to Professional Development.
- Plan lessons that follow the relevant scheme of work and are sequenced towards cumulative knowledge.
- Engage with, and act upon, whole-school and subject team guidance on learning and teaching.
- Use Chromebooks and Google Apps for Education, where appropriate, to enhance engagement and learning.
- Foster positive working relationships, rooted in mutual respect, that model and promote excellent behaviour and allow students to focus on learning.
- Communicate to students intended learning outcomes and how new knowledge integrates into larger concepts and programmes of study.
- Ensure that the pace and challenge meets the needs of all students and approaches and tasks are differentiated when necessary.
- Use a variety of assessment techniques to check students' understanding systematically, identify misconceptions accurately and provide clear, direct feedback.
- Take advantage of appropriate opportunities to promote and develop students' numeracy, literacy and Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural education.
- To ensure their lessons reflect and promote the school's Equality Objectives.
- Set homework tasks that are meaningful and are designed to consolidate and extend students' understanding, knowledge and skills.
- Establish an aspirational culture, where students are encouraged and supported to maximise their potential; to take responsibility for their own success; feel empowered to take risks, approach things with independence, and develop the resilience to approach more challenging work in a positive fashion.

## **Teaching & Learning within different subjects**

At Parmiter's we recognise that different subjects cannot, and should not, be taught in the same way. Whilst high quality teaching & learning is expected across the curriculum, it is recognised that different subjects, or even topic areas within the same subject, require a different approach to lesson planning and delivery, assessment and homework.

We highly value the knowledge, skill and professionalism of our staff and trust them to determine the best approaches in their subject areas. There is no prescribed lesson format at Parmiter's.

Each curriculum area has a statement of intent setting out their vision for their subject area(s). Our curriculum is devised by our subject specialist Curriculum Leaders so it is relevant and engaging to our students and to ensure students build the skills and knowledge they need to be successful. It is the responsibility of all teachers to implement the relevant curriculum in their classes.

In implementing the curriculum, all teachers must be clear as to:

- why the curriculum is sequenced and structured as it is;
- how the curriculum builds on students prior knowledge and skills and then allows them to progress in the subject;
- how they can best enable students to understand key concepts and build key skills, and how they will assess that understanding to inform their teaching.

### **Role of one-to-one devices in teaching & learning**

As a school, we are committed to enhancing our current teaching & learning practices by embedding the use of technology. From September 2022 all students in Years 7 - 11 will have access to a digital device as part of our 'Individual Chromebook Scheme'. Year 12 and 13 students will also be expected to have individual access to a device suitable for the subjects they are studying at A Level.

Having easy access to technology in every classroom can:

- allow access to technology as it is needed in a sequence of learning, rather than waiting until the ICT rooms are available.
- allow teachers to share a wide range of resources quickly and easily, including differentiated resources.
- allow students to work independently on a research task within the classroom.
- allow students to have hands-on experience of a greater range of learning materials within the classroom.
- allow students to revisit material and lesson content more easily.
- allow students to access learning materials and their work from anywhere.
- provide students with a forum for sharing their learning with other students in their class.
- facilitate collaboration amongst students.
- provide a non-verbal forum for students to ask, or answer, questions.
- be used as a motivator for students, who often enjoy being able to use technology in the classroom.
- develop the skills with technology that students will need for their future studies and careers.

Whilst fully recognising the many benefits, the move to individual student devices is not a replacement for outstanding classroom-based teaching. We adopt a blended learning approach, which involves a mixture of computer-based and face-to-face or handwritten activities. Individual access to technology merely allows us to enhance our current teaching, and provide the very best education for our students.

All staff and students have a responsibility to familiarise themselves with, and adhere to, the **ICT & E-Safety policy** and any relevant Acceptable User Agreements.

### **Enrichment**

Parmiter's strongly believes in offering students a range of activities that enrich their classroom learning. Opportunities are provided to support the delivery of the curriculum, to broaden students' cultural capital, to broaden students' experience of a subject, to introduce students to new opportunities and to provide support to students. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- Opportunities to attend external enrichment activities and master-classes.
- Subject-specific clubs that help to foster a passion for an aspect of a subject.
- Visiting speakers, subject workshops and theatre trips.
- Student participation in a range of subject specific competitions at local and national levels.

- Completion of an EPQ to encourage independent thinking and the pursuit of a topic that is of personal interest to a student.
- Involvement in summer school activities to further enrich the classroom learning experience.
- Being immersed in the language, culture and history of another country (through the MFL trips and the trip to the Battlefields).
- Attending a variety of places of worship and having the opportunity to use existing research and lessons to reflect upon these experiences.
- Supporting younger students by taking on the role of a Sports Leader, Creativity Ambassador, a Prefect or assisting with the school's Literacy and Numeracy support programme.
- Participating in relevant work experience programmes.
- Opportunities to complete the Duke of Edinburgh award scheme.

## **Teaching, Learning and CPD**

Parmiter's offers staff a personalised CPD program and INSET opportunities to support and enhance teaching & learning. This includes regular Teaching & Learning briefings which focus on both school-wide and subject specific aspects of teaching and learning. Staff are encouraged to visit the school's Teaching & Learning website ([Link](#)); the website includes links to latest research, our Teaching & Learning bulletins and resources from Teaching & Learning briefings and INSET.

Staff are encouraged to reflect on and evaluate their approaches to teaching & learning and proactively develop their skills.

For further information please see our CPD and ITT/ECT policies.

## **Monitoring of Teaching and Learning:**

Teaching and Learning will be monitored through:

- The appraisal process for teaching staff – please see separate policy.
- Termly learning walks across the school
- The Evaluation, Review and Priorities process undertaken by Middle Leaders and the Senior Leadership Team.
- Student voice and leadership through the student Teaching and Learning Congress committee.
- Analysis of the data provided through the Assessment, Reporting and Recording cycle outlined below.
- Outcome of assessments within subject areas and information recorded on departmental tracking documents.
- Formal and informal monitoring by Heads of Department and other relevant post holders (i.e. colleagues holding a TLR related to curriculum). This may include, but will not be limited to:
  - work scrutiny,
  - open door policies within department areas,
  - departmental discussions on best practice,
  - sharing of resources,
  - feedback from students and parents.

## 2. ASSESSMENT, RECORDING AND REPORTING

### Principles of assessment

- **Assessment is at the heart of teaching and learning.**  
It must provide evidence to guide teaching and learning. This requires that assessment is fit for purpose for the learner and the curriculum area. This will require a range of assessment practice.
- **Assessment is ambitious but inclusive of all abilities.**  
We expect assessment objectives to set high expectations for our students but recognise that a student can only demonstrate their skills and knowledge if the assessment is accessible.
- **Assessment is fair and consistent.**  
Assessment should draw on a wide range of evidence to provide a complete picture of student achievement. Assessment judgements are moderated internally, and where appropriate externally, to ensure their accuracy.
- **Assessment outcomes provide meaningful and understandable information for:**
  - Students in developing their learning.
  - Teachers in planning teaching and learning. Assessment must provide information that justifies the time spent.
  - Parents in supporting their children with their learning.
  - Middle Leaders and those with curriculum and/or pastoral responsibilities, Senior Leaders and Governors so progress at an individual and/or group level can be tracked against expectations.

Annually, we review and amend each stage of the process: target setting, assessment (including moderation), tracking, monitoring (at individual and groups level), intervention and impact.

### Assessment practice

The key purpose of assessment is to promote learning, develop potential and enable students to demonstrate their progress and achievement. Assessment and feedback are key to the learning and teaching process; they should take place regularly and be both formative and summative. It should inform the next steps in learning by identifying strengths and weaknesses and help a student engage more fully in their own development and learning.

A wide spectrum of formal and informal assessment methods is used as part of the learning process. A variety of practice is both necessary and inevitable due to the nature of individual subjects and the needs of students at different key stages.

Formative Assessment, or Assessment for Learning, takes place during the learning process and is based on day to day classroom practice. These opportunities for students to receive immediate feedback are invaluable and may include:

- verbal feedback from the teacher;
- question and answer opportunities;
- mini-plenaries that review and identify learning during and at the end of lessons;
- peer- and self- assessment.

As there may be no formal record of this feedback, students are encouraged to identify and record targets or areas for improvement from this feedback. Formative assessment allows teachers to respond to the needs of class, adapting the lesson to ensure progress.

The nature and detail of teacher marking varies according to the task. It is not expected that a teacher will mark every piece of work completed by students. However, both class work and homework should be marked regularly in order to provide students with feedback and facilitate progress. In many cases, peer and self-marking may be more appropriate to the task in question or a teacher may acknowledge-mark, that is marking that recognises that work has been completed in accordance with the teacher's expectations.

More detailed teacher marking will occur for identified assessed tasks, class work or homework tasks. Feedback will provide constructive advice on student successes and a subject-focused target to help students know what they need to do to improve and take the next step in their learning.

Summative assessment, measuring a student's achievement at a particular point in time, may include topic/end of unit tests, a project or an assessed task, a specifically identified class work or homework task. These will take place periodically according to department guidelines. Students in each year group experience formal school examinations.

Individual departments set guidelines for the frequency of marking within their own assessment policies, taking account of the year group in question and the frequency of lessons in their subject. Each department publishes assessment guidance for students & parents on the school website. Further detail may be provided to students by their subject teacher.

### **Assessment criteria**

In Years 12 & 13 students are assessed against nationally recognised outcomes based on the examination board's description of what skills and/or knowledge are required to attain certain A Level grades. We do not offer AS examinations.

In Years 10 & 11 students are assessed against nationally recognised outcomes based on the examination board's description of what skills and/or knowledge are required to attain certain GCSE grades. All KS4 students are assessed against the criteria in the GCSE specifications with attainment being reported against the 9-1 grading system (with 9 being the highest; U grades can also be awarded).

Students joining the school in Year 7 have been awarded standardised scores (SATs) and age related expectation information in core subjects. At Parmiter's, Key Stage 3 students will have their attainment assessed against the Parmiter's Scale Descriptors. These descriptors, which are outlined in the publically available 'Parmiter's Scale Descriptors', are unique to us. They have been written to reflect our curriculum and our expectations of students in KS3. They draw upon the Key Stage 2 curriculum, the more beneficial aspects of the former National Curriculum Levels, GCSE assessment guidance and our experience of KS3 students.

In Year 7, this attainment scale will run from 1 to 10 with the scale increasing to 15 in Year 8 and 20 in Year 9. Additionally, should any student consistently exceed their teachers' expectations they can be awarded an E (exceptional performance). Efforts have been made to standardise these scores across departments for ease of comparison.

In line with our school aims, we aim to recognise the pursuit of excellence. We understand that academic achievement and progress are not necessarily directly related to attitude and effort. Attitude to Learning (AtL) grades may be awarded for individual pieces of work, or a sequence of work, in some curriculum areas depending on departmental practice. The description of AtL grades awarded is included as appendix 1.

## **Recording and reporting**

Subject teachers are responsible for recording assessment data as detailed in their department guidelines. Data will be made available to parents on request. Data is collected centrally, via SIMS, three times per student, per year.

Parents are encouraged to engage with their child's achievements and their targets by regularly looking at their exercise books, portfolios and other work. Parents will receive information more formally via Parents' Evenings, gradesheets and reports. Parents and students are expected to attend one Parents' Evening in each academic year. For each year group, in addition to Parents' Evenings, parents will receive formal feedback at least twice during the academic year.

In Key Stage 3, parents will receive two gradesheets in each academic year. These gradesheets include information on current progress towards an end of year target and AtL in each subject. In addition to this, Year 7 parents will receive an AtL summary midway through the first term.

In Key Stage 4, during Year 10, an AtL summary and two gradesheets will be sent home. Parents of Year 11 students will receive a written report and Trial Examination feedback.

In Key Stage 5, during Year 12, parents will receive a report and one further gradesheet which includes a pastoral comment. Parents of Year 13 will receive an early gradesheet followed by a subject report which will include trial examination data.

Parents are welcome to contact their child's Head of Year or their subject teacher if they have concerns about their progress or AtL at any point during the year.

### 3. HOMEWORK

#### What is "homework"?

"Homework" is any work or activity which students are asked to do outside lesson time, either on their own or with parents or carers. It is an essential part of the learning process and we place a strong emphasis on it at Parmiter's School. Staff are required to set and assess appropriate homework in line with their departmental policy. All students across the age and ability range are expected to complete homework tasks. Parents/carers are encouraged to take an active role in the process.

#### Principles

We believe that homework plays an important part in students' learning because:

- it encourages them to develop the skills, confidence and motivation to study effectively on their own; this is vital given the importance of lifelong learning and adaptability.
- it encourages good time management;
- it allows practice of skills learned in the classroom;
- it extends school learning, permitting more rapid progress to be made in school;
- it may make use of outside interests and resources;
- it may involve parents/carers and other adults in their work, improving home/school and community/school links.

#### Guidelines to staff

*Homework should be:*

- of quality rather than quantity;
- integrated into the departmental scheme of work where possible;
- set regularly according to the school's agreed timetable with reasonable deadlines;
- followed up if not completed;
- set for students with long-term absence (until other agencies become involved) or who are excluded.

*Homework tasks should:*

- be varied and meaningful, and not regularly used simply for "finishing off" work begun in class;
- be differentiated, where necessary, so that they are achievable by all students;
- be clearly explained during the lesson;
- be published on Google Classrooms with clear instructions before 3.45pm on the day it is set;
- positively encourage the support of parents/carers and others with whom students have contact outside school;
- be appropriately assessed, in line with departmental assessment policies, and returned to students within a reasonable timescale.

*Homework tasks could include:*

- |   |                         |
|---|-------------------------|
| ● Investigations                        | ● Listening             |
| ● Interviews                            | ● Report writing        |
| ● Essay writing                         | ● Simple experiments    |
| ● Research                              | ● Practising a skill    |
| ● Practical work                        | ● Attending a club      |
| ● Reading                               | ● Projects              |
| ● Drafting                              | ● Memorising            |
| ● Drawing                               | ● Calculations/Numeracy |
| ● Making a short film/animation         | ● Designing/Making      |
| ● Problem solving                       | ● Revision              |
| ● Watching clips                        |                         |
| ● Reviewing television/radio programmes |                         |



## **Guidelines to students** (See Student Information Sheet – appendix 2)

*Students are expected to take responsibility for their homework by:*

- checking Google Classrooms daily;
- asking the teacher to explain instructions again where necessary;
- completing the set tasks and seeking help if they are having difficulty;
- keeping to deadlines.

## **Guidelines to parents/carers** (See Parent/Carer Information Sheet – appendix 3)

*Parents/carers are asked to:*

- sign up to receive Google Guardian Summaries and read these e-mails regularly;
- take an interest in their child's work and check Google Classrooms regularly;
- offer praise when their child achieves significant success;
- give as much encouragement as possible;
- inform the teacher, via email or written note, if there is a genuine reason for homework not done;
- contact the Head of Year if they have concerns about the frequency/quality of homework.

## **Frequency and length of homework**

In Years 7-11 the pattern of homework is set by a homework timetable which accommodates, as far as possible, the needs of all subjects, prevents too much or too little homework being set and allows students to predict their future workload and plan for it. Staff should use the guidelines below regarding the recommended length of homework and record on Google Classrooms how long a piece of work ought to take. It is recognised that actual completion times will vary by student and by subject.

### *Key Stage 3 (Years 7, 8 and 9)*

Homework is set according to the published timetable. It is recommended that students should be spending about 30 minutes per subject. Staff will determine the handing in dates. Year 7 students will be set shorter homework tasks during the first weeks of the Autumn Term in order to give them more time to adjust to their new routine and environment.

### *Key Stage 4 (Years 10 and 11)*

Each subject will set in the region of 45 – 90 minutes per week, as appropriate. Staff will determine the handing in dates, but students and parents/carers should recognise that deadlines will vary by subject depending on the nature of the task and how homework tasks best support teaching & learning in that subject. Preparation for GCSE NEA (coursework) should be integrated into the homework pattern as far as possible.

### *Key Stage 5 (Years 12 and 13)*

In the Sixth Form students are expected to engage in out-of-lessons work that goes far beyond what is actually set for homework. In many cases, the grade achieved at A level will depend on how much reading around the subject, extra work or research a student undertakes during a course. There are no limits to this kind of work, although a sensible balance needs to be maintained.

Teaching staff should limit set homework tasks to a maximum of 5 hours per subject per week – in most cases, this equates to approximately one hour per taught lesson. The vast majority of students study 3 A Levels and average 3 lessons per day. With homework, this becomes equivalent to 6 hours of academic study per week day – this is less than KS4 students are expected to complete and allows time to engage in the out-of-lesson work detailed above.

### **Monitoring**

Completion of homework is checked in the first instance by the subject teacher and non-completion is followed up according to departmental policy. Any concerns must be referred to the Head of Department and/or Head of Year as appropriate. The setting of homework, its quality and its assessment are monitored by the Head of Department as part of the school's monitoring and evaluation process. SLT have oversight of the process and ensure that the policy is being applied consistently.

### **Non-Examined Assessment**

Further details are outlined in the school's policy for Non-Examined Assessment.

## Appendix 1 - AtL GRADES

The AtL grade that most appropriately describes the student should be awarded. Staff are asked to ensure that these grades are awarded in line with attitude and **not achievement**.

### Attitude to Learning: Learner Characteristics

5. Exceptional Learner	4. Engaged Learner	3. Passive Learner	2. Reluctant Learner	1. Disengaged Learner
Starts learning readily, demonstrating intellectual curiosity and excellent focus at all times	Approaches learning with active interest and sustains strong focus	Follows instructions and listens to teacher; generally maintains focus and engagement throughout	Sometimes requires prompting to ensure tasks are attempted and is not always focused	Normally needs repeated prompting to attempt tasks and shows little focus; does not listen to instructions
Seeks challenge and perseveres; asks intelligent questions to extend thinking	Responds positively to challenging activities	Sometimes avoids more challenging activities	Limited effort with basic activities	Basic activities often incomplete or inadequate
Actively participates in all elements of learning	Frequently answers questions and participates well in discussion	Satisfactory participation in class discussion/activities	Reluctant to engage with class activities unless directly prompted	Rarely engages with class discussion
Consistently seeks own solutions to problems before asking for help	Seeks help when needed	Sometimes seeks assistance from staff	Reluctant to seek help	Very reluctant to seek help
Invites feedback and responds positively to praise and criticism alike	Learns from setbacks and mistakes; takes pride in their work	Usually attempts to act on feedback; generally completes all work set to an acceptable standard	Rarely takes action based on feedback; takes little pride in outcomes	Does not attempt to act on advice and responds negatively to feedback; takes no pride in work
Actively reviews own progress; effective independent learner	Highly-motivated to learn; works well independently	Generally a diligent and independent learner	Can show ability to work independently but often requires supervision	Demonstrates very little ability to work independently
Organises time and equipment effectively and consistently, including homework	Organises time and equipment well, including homework	Usually manages time and equipment to a satisfactory standard, including homework	Misses some homework deadlines and does not always have correct equipment	Misses most homework deadlines and rarely has correct equipment
Exceptional behaviour at all times; sets an example to peers	Good behaviour at all times; works well with peers	Well-behaved but often passive; can be distracted by peers	May distract others; may be off task; can be easily distracted	Disrupts the classroom environment; distracts peers

## Appendix 2 – HOMEWORK ADVICE FOR STUDENTS

### *What is “homework”?*

“Homework” is any work or activity which you are asked to do outside lesson time, either on your own or with your parents/carers. It is an essential part of the learning process and we place a strong emphasis on it at Parmiter’s. Your teachers will set and assess appropriate homework on a regular basis. All students across the age and ability range are expected to complete homework tasks and your parents/carers are encouraged to take an active role in the process.

### *Why do you get homework?*

The main reasons are:

- you learn how to plan and organise your work;
- it helps you learn how to work on your own, and to think and try things out for yourself;
- it helps you learn how to use time effectively and to meet deadlines;
- it gives you the chance to practise what you have done in class, or to do some background work that will help you understand what’s coming next;
- it encourages you to use resources that can be found outside school;
- it involves people outside school in your work: parents/carers and others can work with the school and help you make progress in your learning;
- if it is done properly, you will learn more.

Homework is generally set in line with the published homework timetable. If you have not been set homework for some reason (e.g. the teacher was away), this does not mean that there is no work to do. You must take responsibility for your own learning and progress by ensuring that all your work is up-to-date, by catching up on work missed due to absence or by consolidating your knowledge and skills through use of text books, internet resources or the Google Classrooms.

Here are some ideas to help you do your homework successfully:

#### □ **Before you do your homework:**

- Make sure you know what you are meant to be doing and why you are doing it.
- Check Google Classrooms daily and read instructions carefully.
- If you think you are going to struggle to do the work set, talk to your teacher about it or ask for help; **don’t** do nothing!
- If you have a number of things to do, **prioritise!** Ask yourself which it is important to do first, second and so on, and plan your time carefully.
- Choose a suitable time and place and, if possible, make sure you have all the books and equipment you need when you sit down to work; try to work somewhere where you will not be disturbed or distracted.

#### □ **While doing your homework:**

- If your work is taking a long time, give yourself a short break, and go back to it with a fresh mind.
- If it is taking much longer than was intended, stop at a suitable point and explain this to your teacher; he or she will understand if it is clear that you have done your best to finish.
- Take pride in all your work! Don’t just do the bare minimum in the shortest possible time!

#### □ **After doing your homework:**

- Check it!
- Hand it in on time!

#### □ **Every day:**

- Check Google Classrooms “To Do List” for tasks you may have over-looked.
- Check the exercise books you’ve used during the day, stick in loose sheets and finish off any underlining, dates, titles etc. whilst the lessons are fresh in your mind.
- For any work completed electronically, check you have saved the file using a sensible file name and it is saved in an appropriate place - you will need to be able to find that work at a later date.

## **Appendix 3 – HOMEWORK ADVICE FOR PARENTS/CARERS**

### ***What is “homework”?***

“Homework” is any work or activity which your child is asked to do outside lesson time. It is an essential part of the learning process and we place a strong emphasis on it at Parmiter’s. Staff will set and assess homework in line with their departmental policies. All students across the age and ability range are expected to complete homework tasks. Parents/carers are encouraged to take an active role in the process.

### ***Principles***

We believe that homework plays an important part in your child’s learning because:

- it encourages them to develop the skills, confidence and motivation to study effectively on their own; this is vital given the importance of lifelong learning and adaptability;
- it encourages good time management;
- it allows practice of skills learned in the classroom and extends school learning which permits more rapid progress to be made in school;
- it makes use of outside interests and resources;
- it may involve you and other adults in their work, improving home-school and community-school links.

### ***What is the teachers’ role in homework?***

- Teachers regularly set a variety of tasks or activities which need to be done partly or completely out of school time.
- Homework tasks will be set on Google Classroom and include all necessary instructions and deadlines.
- The tasks take different lengths of time to complete; some take half an hour, some go on in stages for a number of weeks. These activities arise naturally out of the work in the classroom. They are set according to the homework timetable which is published at the beginning of the year.
- Tasks have *deadlines* which are made clear to students.
- Teachers check who has met the deadline and will challenge any who do not. If a student often fails to do homework without good reason, staff will follow the procedures set out in the school’s Behaviour Policy.
- As well as doing set tasks for homework, students are expected to develop their knowledge and skills independently. If, for some reason (such as teacher absence), a homework is not set, this does not mean that there is no work to do. Students should take responsibility for their learning by ensuring that all their work is up-to-date or by consolidating their knowledge and skills through use of text books, internet resources or the Google Classrooms.

### ***What can you do to help?***

- Appreciate the need for independent study and try to provide a place for it, as free from distractions as possible.
- Support your child by showing an interest and giving encouragement; ask them to explain the work to you. This can develop their understanding and their reasoning skills.
- Help them plan their time and organise themselves so that they remember to bring to school each day the materials that they need, and to *take home* the work they need to do each evening.
- Sign up for Google Guardian summary e-mails so you are aware of work that has been set. Inform staff if there is a genuine reason for homework not done.
- Encourage your child to catch up on work missed due to absence.